THE CANADIAN COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



DECEMBER 31, 2020 CONTENTS

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MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING DECEMBER 31, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and all other information contained in this annual report are the responsibility of the management of The Canadian Council of Churches. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and have been approved by the Governing Board.

Preparation of financial information is an integral part of management's broader responsibilities for the ongoing operations of The Canadian Council of Churches. Management maintains a system of internal accounting and administration controls which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are accurately recorded on a timely basis, are properly approved and result in reliable financial information. Such information also includes data based on management's best estimates and judgements. Management has determined that the enclosed consolidated financial statements are presented fairly and on a consistent basis with prior years, in all material respects.

The Finance Committee reviews the audited consolidated financial statements and recommends them to the Governing Board. The Governing Board reviews and approves the annual consolidated financial statements and also reviews the annual report in its entirety.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been audited by Graham Mathew Professional Corporation, the external auditors of the organization, who are engaged by the Governing Board and whose appointment was ratified by the Governing Board. The Independent Auditors' Report, dated May 19, 2021, expresses their opinion on the 2020 consolidated financial statements.

Matthew Pupic

Director of Operations Project Ploughshares Peter Noteboom General Secretary

Peter Noteboon

The Canadian Council of Churches



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governing Board of **The Canadian Council of Churches**

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **The Canadian Council of Churches** (the Council), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of revenues, expenses and fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at December 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Council in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Governing Board either intends to liquidate the Council or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Council's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Cambridge, Ontario May 19, 2021

Chartered Professional Accountants, authorized to practise public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Canadian Council of Churches					Canadian Council of Churches		Project Ploughshares		
	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	2020 \$	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	2019
Revenues										
Donations	43,869	8,445	512,252	978	565,544	48,786	7,420	648,637		704,843
Member/sponsor contributions										
	309,274		29,230		338,504	306,696		28,230		334,926
Government grants			99,316		99,316			24,079		24,079
Program grants	52,000		21,549		73,549	60,250	35,200	72,769		168,219
Investment income	35,558		300	28,005	63,863	77,743		10,069	60,014	147,826
Other revenue	27,876		1,475		29,351	85,445		6,148		91,593
Government wage assistance										
(note 11)	104,439		157,164		261,603					
	573,016	8,445	821,286	28,983	1,431,730	578,920	42,620	789,932	60,014	1,471,486
Expenses										
Salaries and benefits Management and	447,770		675,429		1,123,199	405,142		609,687		1,014,829
administration										
(notes 4 and 6)	46,072	18	105,253		151,343	50,453	14	87,237		137,704
Programs and projects	52,179	1,808	56,036		110,023	140,828	6,804	131,174		278,806
Grants to other organizations	004	5,200	10.050		5,200	2,000	15,000	15 201		17,000
Fundraising Professional services	994	9,366	18,278 7,889	9,366	19,272 26,621	8,456		15,281		23,737
FTOTESSIONAL SELVICES		9,300	7,009	9,300	20,021					
	547,015	16,392	862,885	9,366	1,435,658	606,879	21,818	843,379	NIL	1,472,076
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenses	26,001	7,947) (41,599)	19,617 (3,928) (27,959)	20,802	(53,447)	60,014 (590)
Fund balances, beginning	180,376	613,257	284,745	1,048,585	2,126,963	181,102	619,688	279,692	1,047,071	2,127,553
	206,377	605,310	243,146	1,068,202	2,123,035	153,143	640,490	226,245	1,107,085	2,126,963
Interfund transfers (note 3)	11,289	11,289)	43,000	43,000)		27,233	(27,233)	58,500 ((58,500)	
Fund balances, ending	217,666	594,021	286,146	1,025,202	2,123,035	180,376	613,257	284,745	1,048,585	2,126,963

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Canadian Council of Churches		Project Ploughshares			Canadian (of Churc		Proje Ploughsł		
	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	2020 \$	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	Unrestricted Fund \$	Restricted Funds \$	2019 \$
ASSETS										_
Cash Investments (note 5) Accounts receivable Prepaids	62,500 3,033 57,662 6,009	5,804 1,016	177,904 20,258 104,266 23,558	978 816	240,404 30,073 163,760 29,567	45,247 902 61,083 13,694	2,252	183,070 28,211 87,222 26,337		228,317 31,365 148,305 40,031
Current assets	129,204	6,820	325,986	1,794	463,804	120,926	2,252	324,840		448,018
Capital assets (note 6) Investments (note 5)	1,826 101,111	587,201	15,735	1,023,408	17,561 1,711,720	2,209 106,317	611,005	4,726	1,048,585	6,935 1,765,907
	232,141	594,021	341,721	1,025,202	2,193,085	229,452	613,257	329,566	1,048,585	2,220,860
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7) Deferred contributions (note 8)	14,475		17,786 37,789		32,261 37,789	49,076		14,641 30,180		63,717 30,180
	14,475		55,575		70,050	49,076		44,821		93,897
FUND BALANCES										
Unrestricted funds Restricted funds Endowment fund (note 10)	217,666	459,709 134,312	286,146	1,025,202	503,812 1,484,911 134,312	180,376	465,979 147,278	284,745	1,048,585	465,121 1,514,564 147,278
	217,666	594,021	286,146	1,025,202	2,123,035	180,376	613,257	284,745	1,048,585	2,126,963
	232,141	594,021	341,721	1,025,202	2,193,085	229,452	613,257	329,566	1,048,585	2,220,860

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNING BOARD:

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	Treasure

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020 \$		2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities: Deficiency of revenues over expenses for the year:		3,928)	(590)
Add non-cash item: Amortization		13,703		11,681
Net change in non-cash working capital balances relating to operations: Accounts receivable	(9,775 15,455)	(11,091 20,959)
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions	(10,464 31,456) 7,609	(5,188) 6,640 30,180
	(19,063)		21,764
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of capital assets Net decrease in investments	(24,329) 55,479	(1,039) 7,526
		31,150		6,487
Net increase in cash		12,087		28,251
Cash position, beginning of year		228,317		200,066
Cash position, end of year		240,404		228,317

1. Purpose of the Organization

The Canadian Council of Churches, "the Council", founded in 1944 and incorporated federally by an Act of Parliament on June 7, 1956, is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. Accordingly, its income is not taxable and it is eligible to issue official income tax receipts for charitable donations. The Council brings together representatives from its member churches to respond to Christ's call for unity and peace, seek Christ's truth with an affection for diversity, and act in love through prayer, dialogue and witness to the gospel.

Project Ploughshares is the peace research institute of the Council. It is an ecumenical operating division of the Council. Project Ploughshares has been a part of the Council since a Governing Board Executive Committee decision in 1976 to sponsor its in-depth study and educational program. Project Ploughshares works with churches, governments and civil society, in Canada and abroad, to advance policies and actions that prevent war and armed violence and build sustainable peace.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Canadian Council of Churches and The Canadian Council of Churches - Project Ploughshares ("Project Ploughshares").

(b) Fund accounting

To ensure observation of restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Council, the accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. Under this method, resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into separate funds in accordance with activities or objectives specified. For financial reporting purposes, funds with similar characteristics have been combined into major fund groups, which reflect the assets, liabilities and fund balances, and the revenues and expenses of each fund as follows:

Unrestricted funds

Revenues and expenses related to the core operations of the Council are provided for from the Unrestricted Funds. These operations are primarily funded by undesignated donations and grants.

Restricted funds

Amounts received and transferred in are internally or externally restricted for special purposes. The principal and interest earned on these restricted funds are to be used for the purposes specified. The restricted funds of the Council are detailed in the schedule of restricted and endowment funds.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(c) Revenue recognition

The Council follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions whereby externally restricted contributions are recognized in the year received, in the fund corresponding to the purpose for which they were contributed. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the Unrestricted Fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Government wage assistance is recorded in the period in which the related expenditures are incurred.

Other grants received that are restricted for special projects are recognized as income following the deferral method of accounting under the Unrestricted Fund. Investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund when receivable.

Member grants are recorded in income in the year the funds are to be applied to offset expenses. Event registration fees are recognized when the related event occurs.

(d) Financial instruments

Mutual funds, corporate shares and term deposits are shown on the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair values at the year-end date, with changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statement of revenues, expenses and fund balances. Bonds and debentures are recorded at amortized cost less any discovered impairment.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in the consolidated statement of revenues, expenses and fund balances for the current period. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost or cost.

The Council's financial instruments include cash, investments, account receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Cash and certain investments (mutual funds, corporate shares and term deposits) are subsequently measured at their fair value, while the other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at their amortized cost.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of their fair value given the short terms to maturity.

(e) Capital assets

Capital assets are carried at cost. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis at the following rates:

Computer hardware

33%

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(f) Use of estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income as appropriate in the year they become known.

(g) Contributed materials and services

Volunteers contribute significant time to assist the Council in carrying out its mandate. Due to the impracticality in determining fair market value, contributed services are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

3. Interfund Transfers

During the year, \$43,000 was transferred from the Future Fund to the Project Ploughshares Unrestricted Fund, to assist with operations.

During the year, the Council transferred \$11,289 of Restricted Funds to the Council's Unrestricted Fund, to assist with operations.

4. Leases

On June 30, 2020, the Council extended the lease of its premises. This lease expires on September 30, 2024. The monthly rent under this lease for 2020 is approximately \$2,217 and includes the lessee's share of overhead and common area expenses. The basic fees will increase year to year at the rate of change in the consumer price index. Overhead and common area costs are subject to an annual adjustment based on increases in the related costs.

In 2019, The Council extended the lease of office space for its Project Ploughshares operations at Conrad Grebel University College from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2024. The monthly rent rent under this lease is \$2,213 plus HST and will increase slightly each year. There is no option to further extend the terms of the agreement at this time.

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
5. Investments		
Mutual funds and corporate shares	1,044,646	1,076,796
Bonds and debentures	697,147	720,476
	1,741,793	1,797,272
Current portion	30,073	31,365
	1,711,720	1,765,907

Bonds and debentures bear interest at rates ranging from 1.91% to 4.60% and mature at various dates from January 2021 to June 2027. The mutual funds are held at Abundance Canada.

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	2020 \$	2019 \$
6. Capital Assets		
Cost Computer hardware	74,743	50,414
Accumulated amortization	57,182	43,479
Net Book Value	17,561	6,935

Amortization expense for the year was \$13,703 (\$11,681 in 2019) and is included in management and administration on the consolidated statement of revenues, expenses and fund balances.

7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

There were no amounts payable with respect to government remittances as of the year end date.

8. Deferred Contributions

Deferred contributions represents unspent grants relating to special projects. Changes to deferred contributions are as follows:

Balance, beginning of year Contributions received during the year Contributions recognized as income during the year	(30,180 37,789 30,180)	30,180
		37,789	30,180

9. Financial Instruments

The Council is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Council's risk exposure and concentrations at the year end date.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Council monitors cash flow activities on a regular basis. Due to the nature of the Council, cash inflows are generally known and major cash outflows relate mostly to program expenditures which are planned for on an annual basis and monitored through the year. In addition, the majority of the investments held can be liquidated easily, which gives the Council the flexibility to meet unplanned demands on cash and thus serves to reduce its liquidity risk.

9. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Credit risk

The entity is exposed to credit risk by holding debt instruments, such as bonds and debentures, as investments. The Council manages its exposure by limiting the holdings to government and high quality corporate instruments. It is management's opinion that the Council is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk to the Council's earnings that arise from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. It is management's opinion that the Council is not exposed to any significant currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rate. By holding a substantial portion of its investments in fixed rate instruments, the Council insulates its interest income from short-term changes in market interest rates. Nevertheless, the cash flows from investing activities are exposed to long-term changes in interest rates. Interest rate changes will also impact the fair value of investments held.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Council is exposed to other price risk through its investments in quoted shares. The Council follows investment policies, procedures and processes for managing equity risk.

10. Endowment Funds

Amounts received and transferred in are internally restricted for special purposes. The investment income earned on these restricted funds is to be used for the purposes set out below.

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Shearer Endowment Fund The Oliver McCully Fund The Howard McIlroy Mills Memorial Fund	50,711 14,387 69,214	60,077 14,987 72,214
	134,312	147,278

10. Endowment Funds (Continued)

Endowment funds

Shearer Endowment Fund

The interest on the Shearer Endowment Fund is not restricted and can be used for operating purposes.

The Oliver McCully Fund

The interest earned by the Oliver McCully Fund must be disbursed for educational purposes (75%) and church activities (25%). Any income not expended in accordance with the terms of the bequest will be held for two additional years, and, if not so expended, will be added back to the principal of the fund.

The Howard McIlroy Mills Memorial Fund

The interest on the Howard McIlroy Mills Memorial Fund is restricted and must be reinvested within the fund and any disbursements from the fund must be in accordance with the terms of the fund agreement for theological education.

11. Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (CEWS)

On April 11, 2020, the Canadian government launched the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (CEWS), an emergency economic relief program to lessen the financial impact on Canadian businesses from the effects of COVID-19.

The Council has met the subsidy conditions for certain periods between March and December 2020. The Council has recognized the CEWS subsidy income of \$261,603 in the statement of revenues, expenses and fund balances for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Council has received \$173,867 in 2020, with the remainder included in accounts receivable. These benefits are not expected to be repayable.

12. Uncertainty Regarding COVID-19

As the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the economy, it could result in a significant negative impact on the Council's operations. As of the time of authorization of these financial statements, it is not possible to estimate the length and severity of these developments and their impact on the financial results and operations of the Council.

THE CANADIAN COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED AND ENDOWMENT FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Balance as at December 31, 2019 \$	Income (loss)	Program Expenses \$	Transfers \$	Balance as at December 31, 2020 \$
Future Fund - Project Ploughshares Restricted Funds Endowment Funds	1,048,585 465,979 147,278	28,983 8,445	(9,366) (7,026) (9,366)	7,689	459,709
2020 Balances	1,661,842	37,428	(25,758)	(54,289)	1,619,223
	Balance as at December 31,		Program		Balance as at December 31,
	2018 \$	Income \$	Expenses \$	Transfers \$	2019 \$
Future Fund - Project Ploughshares Restricted Funds Endowment Funds	1,047,071 465,099 154,589	60,014 42,620	(21,818)	(58,500)	1,048,585 465,979
2019 Comparatives	1,666,759	102,634	(21,818)	(85,733)	1,661,842

Project Ploughshares' Future Fund

In 1991, the Management Committee of Project Ploughshares established the Future Fund to provide a predictable source of revenue for the annual operations of Project Ploughshares. Donors are encouraged to make a gift to the Future Fund to perpetuate their support for Project Ploughshares and its peacebuilding programs into the future, and to ensure the growth of the Fund so that it will provide increasing income for programs.